# OCR GCSE Music Area of Study 2 Concerto Through Time



<u>DNA</u>: Unscramble the names of the periods of time.

1600 – 1750 - arobueq

1750 - 1820 - slacsicla

1820 – 1900 – montraci

### Lesson 1 – An introduction

## AoS2 Overview: What you need to know

- The key features and sounds of each period of time.
- What a concerto is and the way it has developed through time.
- The instruments that have been used for the solo part in the concerto and how they have developed.
- The growth and development of the orchestra through time.
- The role of the soloist.
- The relationship between the soloist and the orchestral accompaniment.
- How the concerto has developed through time in terms of length, complexity and virtuosity.
- The characteristics of Baroque, Classical and Romantic music reflected in the Concerto.

### Lesson 1

- Learning objectives:
- To analyse the growth and development of the orchestra through time.
- The recognise some key features and sounds of each period of time.

#### Progress indicators:

Good	Outstanding
Identify	Relate the features
instruments used	to the musical
and key features	elements and use
of the style.	specific musical
	vocabulary.



# Task 1: List the orchestral instruments that belong to each family.

- Strings (the largest section of the orchestra)
- Woodwind
- Brass
- Percussion

- Learning objectives:
- To analyse the growth and development of the orchestra through time.
- The recognise some key features and sounds of each period of time.

### Task 1: List the orchestral instruments that belong to each family.

Strings
Violin
Viola
Cello
Double-Bass

<u>Woodwind</u>

<u>Brass</u>

**Percussion** 

Flute

Clarinet

Oboe

Bassoon

Trumpet

French Horn

Trombone

Tuba

Timpani

Xylophone

**Bass Drum** 

Cymbals

Triangle

Snare Drum

**Tambourine** 

- Learning objectives:
- To analyse the growth and development of the orchestra through time.
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#### Instruments of the Orchestra

- Like other inventions, musical instruments have developed over time and because of the introduction of new instruments the music in which they performed also changed to adapt to new capabilities.
- For the exam, you will need to be able to identify common orchestral instruments aurally so its important that you listen to as much classical music as you can.
- Learning objectives:
- To analyse the growth and development of the orchestra through time.
- The recognise some key features and sounds of each period of time.

#### Task 2: The Orchestra

- Watch the following clips and look at how the orchestra has changed over the periods of time.
- Make notes about each in the task 2 section of your worksheet.

- Learning objectives:
- To analyse the growth and development of the orchestra through time.
- The recognise some key features and sounds of each period of time.

#### Task 2: Baroque Orchestra

#### VIVALDI'S FOUR SEASONS



Monica Huggett, Artistic Director

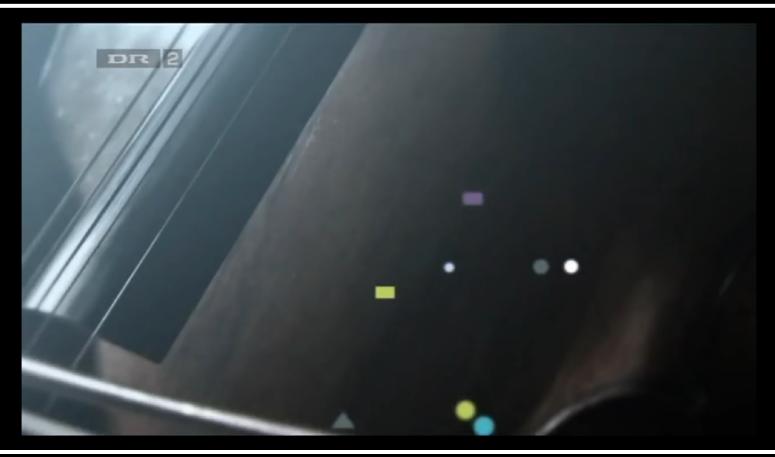
Recorded Saturday April 25, 2015 First Baptist Church, Portland, Oregon PORTLAND BAROQUE ORCHESTRA

- Learning objectives:
- To analyse the growth and development of the orchestra through time.
- The recognise some key features and sounds of each period of time.

#### Task 2: Classical Orchestra

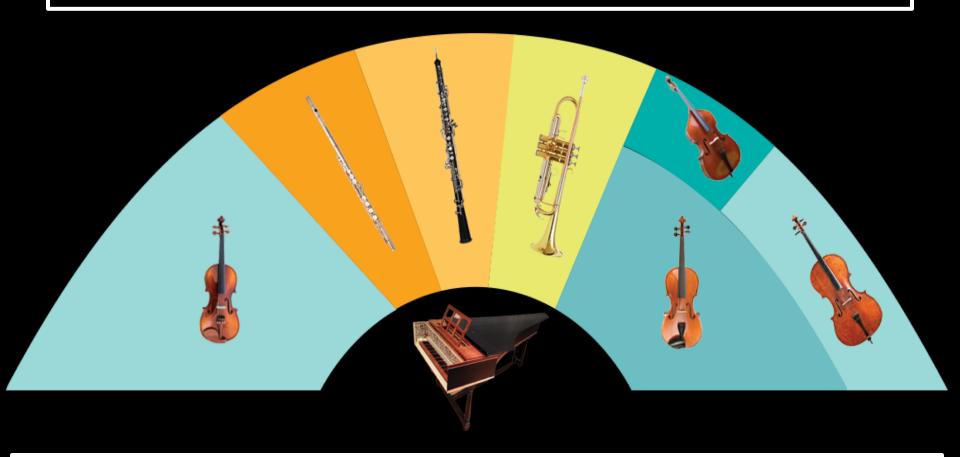
- Learning objectives:
- To analyse the growth and development of the orchestra through time.
- The recognise some key features and sounds of each period of time.

#### Task 2: Romantic Orchestra



- Learning objectives:
- To analyse the growth and development of the orchestra through time.
- The recognise some key features and sounds of each period of time.

#### Task 3: Baroque Orchestra



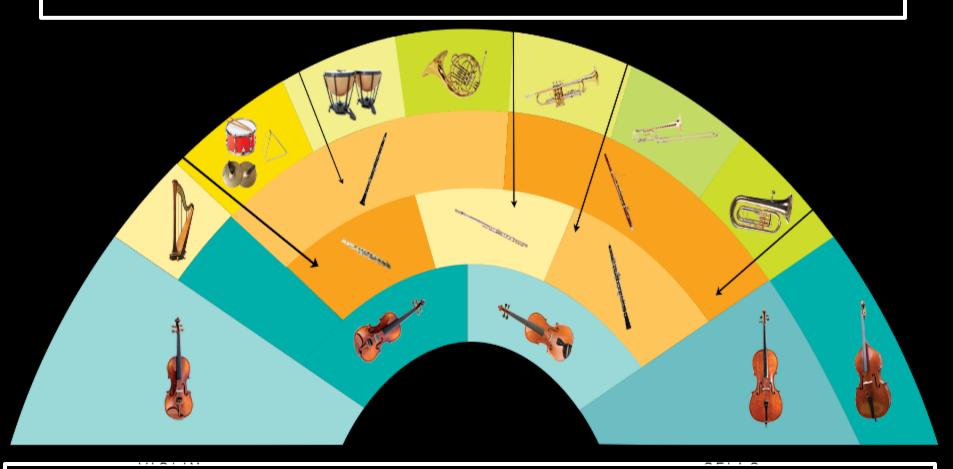
- Learning objectives:
- To analyse the growth and development of the orchestra through time.
- The recognise some key features and sounds of each period of time.

#### **Task 3: Classical Orchestra**



- Learning objectives:
- To analyse the growth and development of the orchestra through time.
- The recognise some key features and sounds of each period of time.

#### Task 3: Romantic Orchestra



- Learning objectives:
- To analyse the growth and development of the orchestra through time.
- The recognise some key features and sounds of each period of time.

#### Composers

Baroque Period

Bach

Handel Vivaldi

**Classical Period** 

Mozart Beethoven

Haydn

Romantic Period

Brahms Rachmaninov Tchaikovsky

- **Learning objectives:**
- To analyse the growth and development of the orchestra through time.
- The recognise some key features and sounds of each period of time.

#### Task 4: Descriptions

Use computers to do some research and find an overview of each style. Then, on your sheet, write a brief sentence explaining the difference between each period of time.

#### Progress indicators:

Good	Outstanding
Identify instruments used and key features of the style.	Relate the features to the musical elements and use specific musical vocabulary.

- Learning objectives:
- To analyse the growth and development of the orchestra through time.
- The recognise some key features and sounds of each period of time.

#### **Task 4: Descriptions**

- Baroque melodies can be quite long, lots of ornamentation (decoration), use of sequences and great contrast in dynamics.
- Classical clear melody and accompaniment, gradual change in dynamics, balanced phrases, simple harmonies
- Romantic tempo/time signature might change, solo virtuosic/difficult parts, loud/powerful or emotional melodies, interesting harmonies
- Learning objectives:
- To analyse the growth and development of the orchestra through time.
- The recognise some key features and sounds of each period of time.

#### Task 5: Listening

- You will hear 10 tracks of music from either the Baroque, Classical or Romantic period.
- Using the brief explanations of the periods of time decide which piece comes from which period.
- Learning objectives:
- To analyse the growth and development of the orchestra through time.
- The recognise some key features and sounds of each period of time.